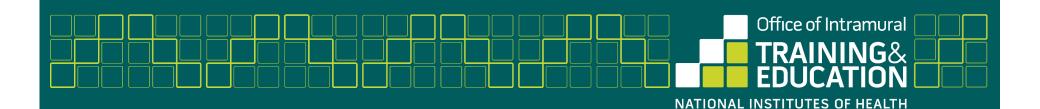
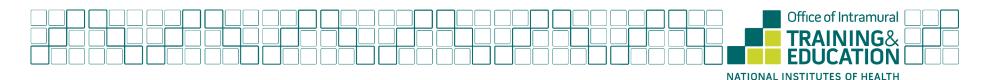
## Picking the Graduate Program That is Perfect for You

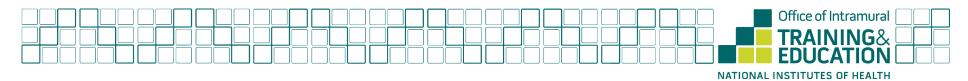
Dr. Sharon L. Milgram, milgrams@od.nih.gov





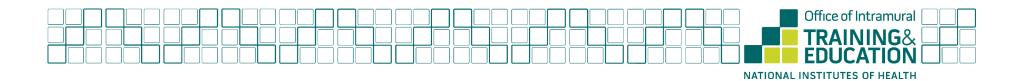
#### First Questions

- Why do I want to go to grad school?
- Where do I see myself in the future?
- What kind of graduate experience will I need to reach these goals?



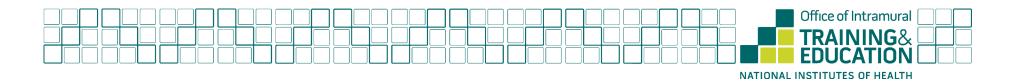
### What Type of Program

- Ph.D. and other doctoral programs
  - Interdisciplinary, umbrella or department-based
- MD/PhD
  - MSTP or non-MSTP
- MPH
  - □ With a variety of sub-disciplines
  - □ See <a href="http://www.whatispublichealth.org/faqs/index.html">http://www.whatispublichealth.org/faqs/index.html</a> for information on careers and educational opportunities



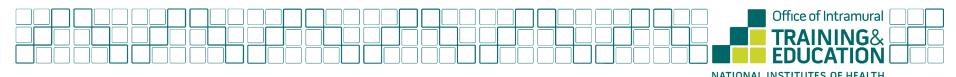
## Am I Ready?

- Academic preparation
- Research skills
- Problem solving skills
- Ability to read and comprehend research papers
- Communication skills verbal and written
- Time & stress management skills
- Interpersonal skills
- Maturity & willingness to sacrifice
- Finances



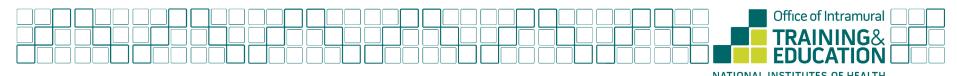
## Taking Time To Get Ready

- Do a research-oriented postbac
  - At the NIH (NIH POSTBAC IRTA PROGRAM)
  - At a University (NIGMS PREP Programs)
- Work as a technician
  - Be sure that your boss will support your scientific and professional development
  - Consider working somewhere you might like to go to school
- Take appropriate classes
  - Choices depend on your undergraduate record
  - Classes without solid research won't be as useful



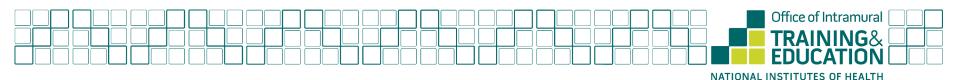
## Things To Consider (I)

- Program focus on teaching and mentoring of graduate students
  - Coordinated programs to help you develop professional skills
  - Strong leadership and oversight of your graduate experience
  - Attention to controlling time to degree
- Structure of the program
  - Stipends and fellowships
  - Rotations
  - Required coursework
  - Qualify exams
  - Teaching requirements
- Teaching opportunities and pedagogy training



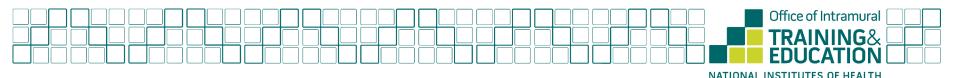
## Things To Consider (II)

- Availability of career services and other job training opportunities
  - Should be clearly advertised on their website
- Program climate, morale, and student satisfaction
  - Best explored in person
- Diversity of the students, faculty, and broader communities
- Career goals and outcomes of past and current students
- Geography and cost of living
  - Distance from family
  - Needs of partner and kids
  - Access to things you enjoy



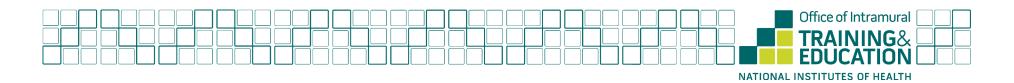
# Evaluating the Quality of the Department & Institution

- Funding record
  - RO1 <a href="http://grants.nih.gov/grants/funding/r01.htm">http://grants.nih.gov/grants/funding/r01.htm</a>
  - Training grants to the institution & individual students
- Publication record
  - Quality, not just numbers
  - Students doing the writing & publishing as 1st author
- Awards
  - Both faculty & students
- Pay attention to ratio of senior to junior faculty



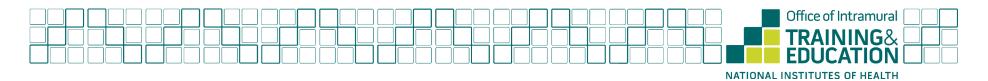
# Drilling Down To Your Scientific Interests

- Scientific resources
  - Quality of the research space
  - Core facilities
  - Access to important patient populations
  - Possibility of doing fieldwork
  - Access to experts in technologies important to you
- The number of potential mentors doing what YOU want to do?
  - You will want to know about their funding, publication record, tenure status, and mentoring history
  - Remember Institutions and Departments have strengths in some research areas and not in others



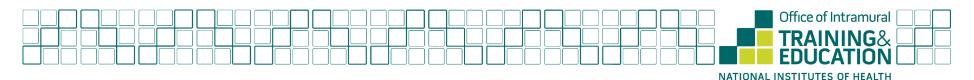
#### To Learn About Schools and Programs

- Talk with your mentors
- Use the NIH alumni database
- Surf the web
- Go to undergraduate meetings
- Contact program directors, administrators and students at schools that catch your interest
- Arrange a visit if possible (but only if you go prepared)
- Do NOT use US News & World Reports rankings



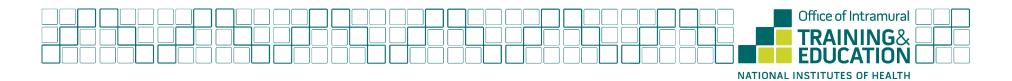
### People You May Communicate With

- Director of Graduate Studies or Director of Recruiting
- Program Administrators
- Individual Faculty
- Students in the program



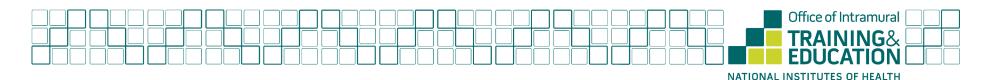
### To Prepare a Strong Application, Ask:

- Why am I special, unique, and impressive?
- What tangible experiences have I had to prepare for a career in this field?
- What experiences tell me I will be successful in this career?
- What personal characteristics do I possess that will improve my prospects for success in the field?
- What are my career goals?
- Have I overcome any obstacles in my life?
- How will I explain any gaps in my training or blemishes on my record?
- Why this school and program?



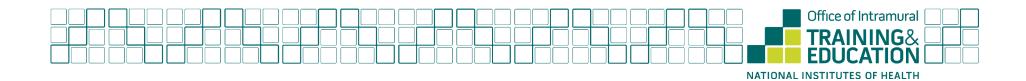
#### The Admissions Committee

- 5 15 members depending on the size of the program
- Chaired by Program Director or a Director of Admissions
- Applications are read in advance and discussed at a meeting
- Some, but not all, use rolling admissions
- Program Directors often have some discretion



#### What We Evaluate

- Academic record
- Standardized test scores
- Research experience
- Research statement
- Recommendation letters



#### Letters of Recommendations

- Three four are required
- Typically submitted on-line
- From mentors and teachers who KNOW YOU WELL
  - not from personal/family friends
  - Not from non-educational employers unless the work is highly relevant

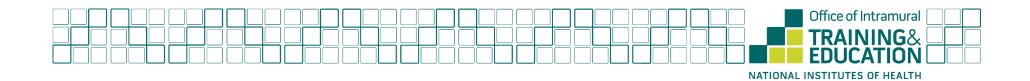
#### Asking:

- Far in advance
- Provide a list of schools who will be contacting them and the program you are applying to
- Provide an updated CV



#### Consider

- The goal of your written application is to get an interview even if you have good grades, take this step seriously
- Missing deadlines and asking for an extension is a poor way to make a good impression
- You can apply to too many OR too few schools
- Get advice along the way
- You should have a mix of reach schools and safe schools
- Waiting until the last minutes adds tremendous stress to an already stressful process



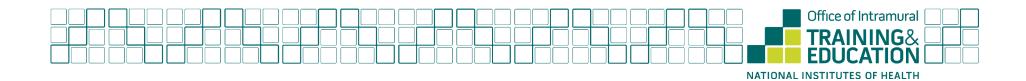
#### Good luck!

Workshop/Seminar / Graduate School

<u>Writing Personal Statements for</u>

<u>Graduate School</u>

Building 50, Room 1227, Oct 05, 2010 12:00 pm - 1:30 pm



Want to Talk?

Email wardb@od.nih.gov

Subject Line: GRAD SCHOOL